1) Provincial EMS regulations are set by who?

a. Transport Canada

b. the Department of Health and Welfare

c. the Paramedic Association of Canada

d. the individual province

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 3

NOCP: 1.4.a

2) Which of the following is the best definition of the Emergency Medical Services system?

a. group of publicly owned ambulances that serve an area

b. communications network for fire, police, and rescue units

c. trauma system for people who have no medical insurance

d. network of resources that provide care to the ill or injured

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 2

NOCP: 1.1.g

3) The EMR is one link in the chain of services that forms what system?

a. Health and Welfare (HWS) system

b. Emergency Medical Services (EMS) system

c. Community Emergency Outreach (CEO) system

d. Patient Emergency Care Response (PCR) system

Answer: b

Type: MC

Page Reference: 2

NOCP: 1.1.g

4) As per the National Occupational Competency Profiles, which is the prehospital care provider with the highest level of training?

a. Primary Care Paramedic

b. Advanced Care Paramedic

c. EMR

d. Critical Care Paramedic

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 5 & appendix

NOCP: 1.1.g

5) The EMR may be the first person on the scene with which of the following?

a. CPR accreditation

b. an ambulance or other transport

c. a radio system

d. emergency medical training

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 4

NOCP: N/A

6) As an EMR your most important role is what?

a. administering medication to patients who need it

b. performing advanced techniques such as cardiac monitoring

c. restraining violent or threatening patients

d. protecting yourself and your crew

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 6

NOCP: 3.3.a

7) Reading professional journals dedicated to EMS issues is an example of what?

a. part of medical oversight

b. necessary only for EMR’s who intend to become Paramedics

c. unnecessary because prehospital care does not change much or often

d. part of professional development for all EMR’s and Paramedics

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 7

NOCP: 1.2.c

8) Why is maintaining a professional appearance as an EMR important?

a. it is a local, provincial, and federal requirement

b. it lets bystanders know that you are important

c. it allows other rescuers to recognize you from your dress

d. it instills confidence in patients and their families

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 7

NOCP: 1.1.c

9) An EMR provides emergency care to which of the following?

a. patients born in Canada

b. patients who can pay for the service

c. the elderly, infants, and children

d. those people who are ill or injured

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 2

NOCP: 1.1.i

10) To what does the term ‘medical oversight’ refer to?

a. every EMS system's need to have a physician as medical director

b. the need for a physician to be present during prehospital care

c. the requirement that physicians must document prehospital care

d. an error caused by the EMR or other EMS responder

Answer: a

Type: MC

Page Reference: 8

NOCP: 1.4.a

11) The listing of accepted practices for EMR’s in your area is referred to as what?

a. resource management

b. on-line medical control

c. trauma systems

d. protocols

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 8

NOCP: 1.3.a

12) The medical director of your EMS system has helped write the protocols for your region. What is this called?

a. direct medical control

b. resource management

c. universal access

d. indirect medical control

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 8

NOCP: 1.3.a

13) You are asked to explain ‘direct medical control’ to a new EMR. Your best explanation would be that direct medical control occurs when a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. physician gives medical advice to an EMR who is on scene

b. medical director reviews runs and directs change within the system

c. physician writes protocols that describe correct emergency care

d. medical director is at the scene and giving emergency care to a patient

Answer: a

Type: MC

Page Reference: 8

NOCP: 1.3.a

14) Who provides regulation of the EMS system?

a. trauma centers and other hospitals

b. the Paramedic Association of Canada

c. each ambulance or fire district

d. the individual provinces

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 3

NOCP: 1.4.a

15) When people who need help call 9-1-1, where are their calls received?

a. the local provincial seat

b. the nearest public rescue squad

c. a private ambulance company

d. a public safety answering point

Answer: d

Type: MC

Page Reference: 4

NOCP:1.1.g

16) 9-1-1 is regarded as a universal number. Which of the following is considered a benefit of a universal number?

a. it is staffed by emergency Medical Dispatchers

b. it is staffed by emergency room attendants

c. it connects directly to the nearest ambulance station

d. it connects directly to medical direction

Answer: a

Type: MC

Page Reference: 4

NOPC: 1.1.g

17) The first 60 minutes following an accident are referred to as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

1. golden time
2. golden Hour
3. platinum time
4. platinum time

Answer: b

Type: MC

Page reference: 2

NOCP: 1.1.j

18) As an EMR which classic component of an EMS do you fall under?

1. regulation and policy
2. human resources
3. transportation
4. trauma systems

Answer: b

Type: MC

Page reference: 3 & 4

NOCP: 1.4.a

19) Which of the following is part of the role of an EMR?

1. participation in record keeping
2. participation in scene clean up
3. review and audit of records
4. review of past performance

Answer: b

Type: MC

Page reference: 7

NOCP: 1.3.c

20) Who’s responsibility is it to keep your knowledge and skills up to date?

a. yours

b. your employers

c. your professional association

d. your provincial regulator

Answer: a

Type: MC

Page reference: 7

NOCP: 1.2.a