Student name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**1)** The perspective that focuses on prevention, intervention and drug treatment is the

A) Moral-legal perspective   
 B) Psycho-social perspective  
 C) Spiritual perspective  
 D) None of these are correct

**2)** The perspective that attempts to adapt the environment to meet the needs of the individual, is the

A) Moral-legal perspective   
 B) Social-cultural perspective  
 C) Medical-health perspective  
 D) Existential perspective

**3)** Alcohol is

A) not a drug   
 B) often overlooked in terms of damages from abuse, binge drinking, and alcoholism  
 C) not as bad on you as hard drugs  
 D) a central nervous system stimulant

**4)** The Harvard School of Mental Health reported that

A) 40-45% of college students binge drink   
 B) Very few women binge drink  
 C) Binge drinking is defined as 2 cocktails over dinner  
 D) All of these are correct

**5)** Potential consequences of alcohol consumption by college students includes

A) Property damage   
 B) Suicide  
 C) Accidents  
 D) All of these are correct

**6)** According to this chapter, which statement is true regarding "the supply side approach" to the drug problems?

A) It has reduced drug use   
 B) It has increased drug prices and reduced availability  
 C) A supply side approach alone is ineffective  
 D) The supply side approach is coordinated with the demand side approach

**7)** According to this chapter, which of the following is true?

A) Drug problems of people of color are often ignored   
 B) People of color are at risk for alcohol/drug problems due to socioeconomic inequities and injustices  
 C) People of color have been blamed for drug problems  
 D) All of these are correct.

**8)** The most dangerous time of the year for college students, especially freshman, is

A) the first six weeks of college   
 B) summer school  
 C) graduation  
 D) holidays

**9)** An example of a "simplistic" approach to drug abuse, is

A) "just say no"   
 B) peer pressure  
 C) tough love  
 D) stopping gateway drugs like marijuana

**10)** The historical association of drugs with minority groups, includes

A) Heroin with African-Americans   
 B) Opium with the Asians  
 C) Alcohol with urban Catholic immigrants  
 D) All of these are correct

**11)** Psychedelics are being researched to treat

A) treatment resistant depression (TRD)   
 B) birth defects  
 C) the coronavirus  
 D) only women in labor

**12)** The most problematic increase in use for young adults, has been

A) Marijuana   
 B) Cocaine  
 C) Vaping  
 D) CBD

**13)** The legalization of marijuana, has

A) created a concern as research has been limited   
 B) had no impact on abuse  
 C) reduced use by young adults  
 D) caused decreases in use by all ages, young and old

**Answer Key**Test name: Drugs in Perspective Author: Fields 10th ch1

1) B

2) B

3) B

4) A

5) D

6) C

7) D

8) A

9) A

10) D

11) A

12) C

13) A