***Criminology: Explaining Crime and Its Context,* 10th ed. *—* CHAPTER 2 Test Bank**

1. Failure to perform a required act such as filing an income tax return or providing proper care to a child in one’s custody is a crime of

a. commission

\*b. omission

c. passion

d. neglect

2. The level of proof required by civil court is

\*a. a preponderance of the evidence

b. beyond a reasonable doubt

c. a reasonable suspicion

d. probable cause

3. Case that struck down sodomy laws targeted at homosexuals only

a. *Coker v Georgia (1977)*

b. *Bowers v Hardwick (1986)*

\*c. *Lawerence v Texas (2003)*

d. *Roper v Simmons (2005)*

4. Case holding that one cannot receive the death penalty for the crime of rape

\*a. *Coker v Georgia (1977)*

b. *Bowers v Hardwick (1986)*

c. *Lawerence v Texas (2003)*

d. *Roper v Simmons (2005)*

5. Combines elements of criminal and civil law. It is based on the delegation of rule-making authority from a legislative body to a regulatory agency.

a. juvenile law

b. elder law

\*c. administrative law

d. traffic law

6. The two elements of a crime are the

a*. mens rea* and *actus reus*

b. guilty mind and guilty act

\*c. both A & B

d. none of the above

7. Violations of civil law are called

a. infractions

\*b. torts

c. tarts

d. violations

8. The goal of criminal justice that requires physically removing an individual’s ability to commit crime is

a. deterrence

b. rehabilitation

c. retribution

\*d. incapacitation

9. If a violation of criminal law occurs the case against the defendant is brought by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

\*a. state

b. plaintiff

c. victim

d. petitioner

10. Rules and regulations made to control business, professional, and corporate activities are referred to as

a. criminal law

b. civil law

\*c. administrative law

d. all of the above

11. Criminal acts that are considered the most serious and are punishable by execution or incarceration for one year or longer are

a. misdemeanors

\*b. felonies

c. violations

d. all of the above

12. Offenses that are punishable by fines or less than one year of incarceration are

a. felonies

b. violations

\*b. misdemeanors

c. none of the above

13. In which court is the concept of *intent* not required?

a. criminal court

b. juvenile court

c. administrative court

\*d. civil court

14. Movement in and out of the continuum of socially desirable behavior is what criminologists refer to as the

a. socialization effect

b. paradigm shift

\*c. relativity of crime

d. none of the above

15. The belief that one’s own cultural norms are superior to any other is known as

\*a. ethnocentrism

b. utilitarianism

c. deontology

d. none of the above

16. The comedy spoof *The Interview* came under protest because of fictitious plot to assassinate:

\*a. Kim Jong Un

b. The Prophet Mohammed

c. Fidel Castro

d. Prince Harry

17. The American system of justice is made of which of these entities:

a. police

b. courts

c. corrections

\*d. all of the above

18. Civil law can be retroactive.

\*a. True

b. False

19. Rehabilitation refers to using punishment to restore a moral balance after a crime has occurred.

a. True

\*b. False

20. An offender can be found *not guilty* in criminal court and subsequently found *guilty* in civil court for the same offense.

\*a. True

b. False

21. Civil court cases are brought by an individual petitioner against a defendant.

\*a. True

b. False

22. Deterrence, incapacitation, and rehabilitation are the three goals of criminal justice.

a. True

\*b. False

23. The consensus perspective maintains that criminal law develops and operates in the interest of society at large.

\*a. True

b. False

24. From the consensus orientation, criminal law is seen as operating in the interest of a wealthy and powerful elite whose desires often conflict with those of members of less privileged groups.

a. True

\*b. False

25. In the United States, *Roe v. Wade* (1973) is an example of relativity across space because some states allow abortion and some states do not.

a. True

\*b. False

26. Alcohol kills more people every year than all illegal drugs combined.

\*a. True

b. False

27. The use of punitive sanctions to dissuade persons from committing criminal offenses in the future is referred to as deterrence.

\*a. True

b. False

28. *Charlie Hebdo* was attacked because it was a derogatory movie about North Korean leader Kim Jong Un.

a. True

\*b. False

29. As of 2016, 37 of 50 states have legalized marijuana in some form

\*a. True

b. False

30. Robbery is the breaking and entering the dwelling house of another in the nighttime with the intent to commit a felony therein

a. True

\*b. False