Chapter 01 Corrections: An Overview Answer Key

**Multiple Choice Questions**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | Which of the following statements is true of the crime rates and the prison population in the United States?      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | Serious crime continues to increase, while the prison population continues to decrease. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **B.** | Serious crime continues to decrease, while the prison population continues to increase. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | Serious crime continues to increase, causing the prison population to increase. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | Serious crime continues to decrease, causing the prison population to decrease. | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 2. | A serious criminal offense that is punishable by death or by incarceration in a prison facility for more than a year is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | infraction |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | misdemeanor |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **C.** | felony |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | perjury | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 3. | Which among the following is an example of a felony?      |  |  | | --- | --- | | **A.** | Burglary |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | Simple assault |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | Jaywalking |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | Littering | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 4. | A relatively minor violation of the criminal law, such as petty theft or simple assault, punishable by confinement for one year or less is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | infraction |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **B.** | misdemeanor |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | felony |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | perjury | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 5. | Which among the following is an example of a misdemeanor?      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | Robbery |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **B.** | Simple assault |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | Arson |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | Jaywalking | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 6. | A minor violation of a state statute or local ordinance punishable by a fine or other penalty, or by a specified, usually very short term of incarceration, is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | **A.** | infraction |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | misdemeanor |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | felony |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | perjury | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 7. | Which among the following is an example of an infraction?      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | Murder |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | Breaking and entering |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **C.** | Littering |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | Auto theft | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8. | Who among the following is a correctional client?      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | A recreation coordinator |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | A unit leader |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | A field administrator |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **D.** | A probationer | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 9. | Identify a component of the criminal justice system.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | **A.** | Courts |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | Sole proprietorship |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | Arbitration |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | Cooperatives | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 10. | A prosecutor's choice to drop charges after filing them is called \_\_\_\_\_.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | *nollo* *judicus* |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | *nolo* *contendere* |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **C.** | *nolle* *prosequi* |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | *noelle* *persecutus* | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 11. | The main function of the preliminary hearing is to:      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | ensure the incarceration and rehabilitation of adults and juveniles convicted of offenses against the law. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **B.** | determine whether there is cause to believe that the accused committed a crime within the jurisdiction of the court. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | ensure the maintenance and upkeep of the correctional facilities that are used for incarceration. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | determine whether there are adequate facilities in the correctional facilities for the convicted offenders. | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 12. | The process by which a court arrives at a final decision in a case is called \_\_\_\_\_.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | arbitration |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | arraignment |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | certification |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **D.** | adjudication | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 13. | If a defendant accepts a penalty without admitting guilt, it is called \_\_\_\_\_.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | *nollo* *judicus* |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **B.** | *nolo* *contendere* |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | *nolle* *prosequi* |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | *noelle* *persecutus* | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 14. | The various aspects of the pretrial and postconviction management of individuals accused or convicted of crimes are referred to as \_\_\_\_\_.      |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | adjudications |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **B.** | corrections |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | arraignments |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | incarcerations | |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

**True / False Questions**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 15. | The current rate of imprisonment in the United States is close to an all-time high.    **TRUE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 16. | Murder, rape, aggravated assault, robbery, burglary, and arson are felonies in all jurisdictions within the United States.    **TRUE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 17. | A few states make conviction of a felony and the resulting incarceration grounds for uncontested divorce.    **TRUE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 18. | Some crimes classified as felonies in one part of the country may be misdemeanors in another.    **TRUE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 19. | Major violations of the law that often involve long-term incarceration are called infractions.    **FALSE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 20. | The process of achieving justice through the application of the criminal law and through the workings of the criminal justice system is called criminal justice.    **TRUE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 21. | The process of criminal justice begins when a convicted criminal enters the correctional system.    **FALSE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 22. | The criminal justice system does not respond to all crime because of the sheer volume of crime in the United States.    **FALSE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 23. | *Nolo Contendere* pleas are used by defendants who wish to contest conviction.    **FALSE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 24. | According to the Bureau of Justice Statistics, noninstitutional corrections, which is sometimes called community corrections, includes pardon, probation, and parole activities, correctional administration not directly connectable to institutions, and miscellaneous [activities] not directly related to institutional care.    **TRUE** |

|  |
| --- |
| *Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation* |

**Fill in the Blank Questions**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 25. | \_\_\_\_\_ refers to the overuse of correctional facilities, particularly prisons, in the United States.    **Mass incarceration** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 26. | \_\_\_\_\_ is defined as criminal laws and criminal justice institutions, policies, and practices that achieve justice in the present without compromising the ability of future generations to have the benefits of a just society.    **Sustainable justice** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 27. | A serious criminal offense that is punishable by death or by incarceration in a prison facility for more than a year is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.    **felony** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 28. | A relatively minor violation of the criminal law, such as petty theft or simple assault, punishable by confinement for one year or less is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.    **misdemeanor** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 29. | The collection of all the agencies that perform criminal justice functions is referred to as the \_\_\_\_\_.    **criminal justice system** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 30. | A prosecutor can drop charges after filing them. Such a choice is called \_\_\_\_\_.    **nolle prosequi** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 31. | \_\_\_\_\_ is the process by which a court arrives at a decision in a case.    **Adjudication** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 32. | An appearance in court prior to trial in a criminal proceeding is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.    **arraignment** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 33. | If a defendant accepts a penalty without admitting guilt, it is called \_\_\_\_\_.    **nolo contendere** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 34. | After losing all their available direct appeals, state prisoners may also seek to have their convictions reviewed collaterally in the federal courts via a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.    **writ of habeas corpus** |