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| 1. The struggle over power or influence within organizations that can grant benefits or privileges best defines which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | National government | |  | b. | A state government | |  | c. | Elections | |  | d. | Politics | |  | e. | Political science |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 2. Which of the following is the oldest purpose of government?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | To maintain order by protecting members of society from violence and criminal activity | |  | b. | To print money and control the economy | |  | c. | To guarantee freedom and liberty for all people | |  | d. | To act to protect the rights of the minority | |  | e. | To establish benefits for the most wealthy individuals in society |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 3. The effects of government can be found in which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The food you eat | |  | b. | The schools most children attend | |  | c. | The sales tax you pay on purchases | |  | d. | The distribution of the assets of the deceased | |  | e. | All of these are correct. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 4. If people in a society have freedom but not peace and security, those people are said to have which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Authority, but not order | |  | b. | Order, but not authority | |  | c. | Liberty, but not order | |  | d. | Order, but not liberty | |  | e. | Authority, but not legitimacy |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 5. What is liberty?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The freedom to do whatever you want | |  | b. | A political value available only in the United States | |  | c. | The greatest freedom of the individual consistent with the freedom of other individuals | |  | d. | A political value that is incompatible with government authority | |  | e. | A political value that can be taken away by the government, according to the U.S. Constitution |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 6. When do governments have authority?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | When they adhere to special norms | |  | b. | When people always obey the law | |  | c. | When they control the media | |  | d. | When they have the right and power to enforce their decisions | |  | e. | When they establish liberty and order in societies |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 7. What is legitimacy?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The condition of having too much government | |  | b. | A popular acceptance of the right and power of a government or other entity to exercise liberty | |  | c. | A popular acceptance of the right and power of a government or other entity to exercise authority | |  | d. | Something that is only needed in time of emergency | |  | e. | Something that is possible with only a narrow base of support |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 8. A government that has the power to make and enforce law but which lacks the acceptance of the people is said to have which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Authority, but not legitimacy | |  | b. | Legitimacy, but not authority | |  | c. | Both authority and legitimacy | |  | d. | A democratic form of government | |  | e. | An authoritarian form of government |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 9. Of all the organizations that are controlled by political activity, which of the following is most important?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Schools | |  | b. | Churches | |  | c. | Business organizations | |  | d. | Government | |  | e. | Social organizations |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 10. Government is involved in which of the following activities?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Ensuring air and water quality | |  | b. | Building roads | |  | c. | Educating children | |  | d. | Keeping birth and death records | |  | e. | All of these are correct. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 11.  To maintain order, society needs protection from the violence of domestic criminals or foreign armies, as well as protection from which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Scandals within the media | |  | b. | Abuses of power by their own government | |  | c. | Internet scams | |  | d. | Those who hold different beliefs | |  | e. | Those who have different moral values |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 12. When a government has the right and power to enforce its decisions, we say that the government has which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Legitimacy | |  | b. | Authority | |  | c. | Liberty | |  | d. | Order | |  | e. | Political expediency |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 13. It is not possible for government to provide any of the other benefits people expect from it if it cannot provide which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberty | |  | b. | Legitimacy | |  | c. | Authority | |  | d. | Order | |  | e. | Institutional law |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 14. Why didn't the framers of the Constitution create a direct democracy?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It wasn’t the best way to resist manipulative politicians. | |  | b. | Direct democracy had never been used before. | |  | c. | The people had expressed support for a government similar to a monarchy. | |  | d. | They were worried about the efficiency of ballot-counting mechanisms. | |  | e. | They believed the rights of the minority would be suppressed by the dominating majority. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 15. Pluralist theory proposes that people’s interests are protected by which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Interest groups | |  | b. | Political parties | |  | c. | The majority | |  | d. | Elected representatives | |  | e. | Elites |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 16. Which of the following is a characteristic of elite theory?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It implies that the president must come from the party that holds the majority in Congress. | |  | b. | It emphasizes governmental control over economic policy, but not social institutions. | |  | c. | It is viewed by political scientists as a theory that works well as a description of both how democracies should function and how democracies actually do function. | |  | d. | It indicates that a single ruler controls all aspects of the government, but not economic and social institutions. | |  | e. | It is the perspective that society is ruled by a small number of people who exercise power to further their self-interests. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 17. Which of the following best describes the government of the United States?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A direct democracy | |  | b. | A republic | |  | c. | A confederation | |  | d. | A constitutional monarchy | |  | e. | An anarchy |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 18. As a political value, how is equality defined?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | All people should make the same amount of money. | |  | b. | All people should be in a position to succeed economically. | |  | c. | All people should have equal access to their elected representatives. | |  | d. | All people have access to the courts to enforce their rights. | |  | e. | All people are of equal worth. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 19. Which of the following is an example of direct democracy?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Louisiana's use of the parish | |  | b. | New England town meetings | |  | c. | The Soviet Union in the 1980s | |  | d. | Voting in party primaries | |  | e. | The electoral college system |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 20. The framers of the Constitution chose to form what type of government?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Republic | |  | b. | Limited constitutional monarchy | |  | c. | Totalitarian regime | |  | d. | Authoritarian regime | |  | e. | Oligarchical regime |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 21. Which of the following is absent in a republic?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Legislative body | |  | b. | Rule of law | |  | c. | Separation of powers | |  | d. | Bureaucracy | |  | e. | Monarch |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 22. Which of the following perspectives holds that society is really ruled by a small number of people who exercise power to further their self-interest?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Majoritarian theory | |  | b. | Personality theory | |  | c. | Elite theory | |  | d. | Pluralistic theory | |  | e. | Interest group theory |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 23. To whom do most democracies give power to make laws?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Business leaders | |  | b. | Political parties | |  | c. | Expatriates | |  | d. | Representatives | |  | e. | All citizens |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 24. What is the political theory that holds that government should do what most of the people want it to do?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Pluralism | |  | b. | Majoritarianism | |  | c. | Elite theory | |  | d. | Proportionalism | |  | e. | Democratic centralism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 25. A government in which the ruler fully controls government itself but largely stays out of religious and business institutions is which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A democratic republic | |  | b. | A direct democracy | |  | c. | A representative democracy | |  | d. | Totalitarian | |  | e. | Authoritarian |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 26. When does a referendum take place?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | When Congress rejects a law passed by a state legislature | |  | b. | When the U.S. Supreme Court rejects a law because it violates the U.S. Constitution | |  | c. | When the president refers his budget plan to Congress before the start of a fiscal year | |  | d. | When a state legislature refers an act of legislation to the voters for approval or disapproval | |  | e. | When voters choose the candidates who will represent their political party |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 27. If voters are unhappy with the performance of an elected officer, which of the following can be used to remove that person from office?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A referendum | |  | b. | An initiative | |  | c. | A cloture call | |  | d. | A recall | |  | e. | A veto message |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 28. The government of the United States is best described as which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A direct democracy | |  | b. | A confederation | |  | c. | A constitutional monarchy | |  | d. | An anarchy | |  | e. | A democratic republic |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 29. The concept of universal suffrage refers to which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The right of all citizens to run for office | |  | b. | The right of all adults to vote for a representative in government | |  | c. | The right of universal health care for all | |  | d. | The belief that all persons deserve a fair trial | |  | e. | A system of relationships between the states |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 30. Concern for the dangers of uneducated mob rule led James Madison and others of his time to caution against which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The right to bear arms | |  | b. | Freedom of speech | |  | c. | Democratic republics | |  | d. | Popular sovereignty | |  | e. | Direct democracy |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 31. Which of the following is true regarding the right to vote for all citizens?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It has always been out of reach. | |  | b. | It has expanded over time. | |  | c. | It has been championed by the rich. | |  | d. | It has always included undocumented immigrants. | |  | e. | It has decreased over time. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 32. Which of the following do modern democracies practice to ensure that majority rule does not become oppressive?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | They limit political participation to those who are properly educated. | |  | b. | They guarantee the rights of minorities. | |  | c. | They reject the concept of free, competitive elections. | |  | d. | They apply term limits to elected officials. | |  | e. | They require two-thirds support of the legislature before a law can be enacted. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 33. Which of the following is true of elite theory?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It implies that the president must come from the party that holds the majority in Congress. | |  | b. | It emphasizes governmental control over economic policy, but not social institutions. | |  | c. | It is viewed by political scientists as a theory that works well as a description of both how democracies should function and how democracies actually do function. | |  | d. | It indicates that a single ruler controls all aspects of the government, but not economic and social institutions. | |  | e. | It is the perspective that society is ruled by a small number of people who exercise power to further their self-interests. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 34. If voters want a law passed to raise the drinking age in their state, which of the following could be used to petition for a public vote on the matter?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Recall | |  | b. | Referendum | |  | c. | Initiative | |  | d. | Town meeting | |  | e. | Sovereign request |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 35. Which of the following shows that the Founding Fathers wanted to create distance between the people and their government?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Direct election of House members | |  | b. | Passage of the Bill of Rights | |  | c. | Selection of senators by state legislatures | |  | d. | The three-fifths compromise | |  | e. | Passage of the Northwest Ordinance |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 36. Which of the following is the best description of capitalism?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | An economic system in which the means of production are owned by the state | |  | b. | A system in which a small group of people owns the majority of the wealth | |  | c. | A system in which the use of property is controlled by majority will | |  | d. | An economic system in which production and property are privately owned, with a minimum of government interference | |  | e. | A good idea in theory but not practically applicable |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 37. Which of the following purposes of government is best defined as "a state of peace and security"?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Politics | |  | b. | Legitimacy | |  | c. | Authority | |  | d. | Liberty | |  | e. | Order |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 38. Which of the following is the best description of the political value known as liberty?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Freedom to do whatever you want | |  | b. | Available only in the United States | |  | c. | The greatest freedom of the individual consistent with the freedom of other individuals | |  | d. | Incompatible with government authority | |  | e. | A uniquely American value |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 39. The United States tends to favor an economic system in which business enterprises and key industries are privately owned. This is known as which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Capitalism | |  | b. | Communism | |  | c. | Socialism | |  | d. | Populism | |  | e. | Libertarianism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 40. The idea that most important government decisions are made by an identifiable and stable minority that shares certain characteristics—especially wealth and business connections—is known as which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Oligarchy | |  | b. | Elite theory | |  | c. | Pluralist theory | |  | d. | The interest group model | |  | e. | Aristocracy |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 41. If top political jobs for both political parties are filled only from an inner circle of top corporate leaders, this would be evidence for which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Elite theory | |  | b. | Substantive democracy | |  | c. | Pluralist theory | |  | d. | The interest group model | |  | e. | Authoritarianism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 42. The concept of political socialization refers to which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The process by which beliefs and values are transmitted to new immigrants and to our children | |  | b. | Political movements in support of socialism | |  | c. | The process by which religious values are transmitted only through the media | |  | d. | The gradual development of social programs within our national government | |  | e. | The government taking over the economic sector of the country |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 43. In the United States, we have religious freedom, both to practice a religion of our choosing and to be free of state-imposed religions. This idea is one of many freedoms known as which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Civil rights | |  | b. | Civil liberties | |  | c. | Citizen rights | |  | d. | Democratic freedoms | |  | e. | Republican liberties |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 44. In the United States, basic guarantees of liberty are found in which of the following documents?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The Declaration of Independence | |  | b. | The annual Congressional Budget report | |  | c. | The Bill of Rights | |  | d. | The Statement of Rights and Responsibilities | |  | e. | The Preamble to the Articles of Confederation |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 45. Which of the following is a common characteristic of both the period after the Pearl Harbor attack and the period after the September 11, 2001 terror attacks?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | After both, calls were made to enhance security at the expense of civil liberties. | |  | b. | After both, liberties were largely maintained at the expense of national security. | |  | c. | After both, the United States declared a war on terrorism. | |  | d. | After both, the U.S. government suffered a loss of legitimacy. | |  | e. | After both, calls were made to enhance security at the expense of civil liberties, and the United States declared a war on terrorism. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 46. Which of the following is a true statement about the concept that all people are of equal worth?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | It was fixed at the time of the Constitutional Convention of 1787. | |  | b. | It expanded in the nineteenth century but narrowed in the twentieth century. | |  | c. | It was extended and elaborated over time. | |  | d. | It has been limited in recent years. | |  | e. | It was extended only in the last twenty years. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 47. Which of the following best describes capitalism?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A political theory developed by Karl Marx | |  | b. | An economic system marked by the private ownership of wealth-creating assets, free markets, and freedom of contract | |  | c. | Incompatible with property rights as a wealth-creating mechanism | |  | d. | Named for the centralization of economic power in the capitol city | |  | e. | Unpopular in the United States |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 48. The capitalist system in the United States is based on which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Regulation of market forces | |  | b. | Equal distribution of assets | |  | c. | Economic equality | |  | d. | Private property rights | |  | e. | Constraining the right to enter into contracts |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 49. Which of the following do American citizens tend to believe?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Government should be big and active. | |  | b. | Government should be small and restrained. | |  | c. | They hold contradictory opinions about the size of government and the role it should play in their lives. | |  | d. | Government should be active in economic areas but not social areas. | |  | e. | Government should be active in social areas but not economic areas. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 50. Which of the following was a response to the Great Recession of 2008?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Employment quickly returned to pre-recession levels. | |  | b. | The Tea Party movement fell from prominence. | |  | c. | Congress became more cooperative. | |  | d. | Voters demanded government action, but did not like most government programs. | |  | e. | Voters solidly sided with one political party for nearly a decade. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 51. The Supreme Court has ruled that the government cannot ban abortion or private homosexual activity because of which of the following rights?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Right to free speech | |  | b. | Right to privacy | |  | c. | Right to freedom of assembly | |  | d. | Right to no cruel or unusual punishment | |  | e. | Right to a fair trial |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 52. The dominant culture in the United States, with Western European roots, includes which of the following characteristics?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A bias toward individualism | |  | b. | Judeo-Christian ethics | |  | c. | Ownership of private property | |  | d. | English as the dominant language | |  | e. | All of these are correct. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 53. The comprehensive set of beliefs about the nature of people and the role of government is known as which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Ideology | |  | b. | Value system | |  | c. | Political science | |  | d. | Political socialization | |  | e. | Political culture |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 54. Which of the following political philosophies holds the belief that individuals are responsible for their well-being, proposes a limited role of government, and supports policies favoring traditional values?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Libertarianism | |  | b. | Conservatism | |  | c. | Liberalism | |  | d. | Totalitarianism | |  | e. | Socialism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 55. Which of the following political groups strongly supports property rights and opposes attempts to regulate personal behavior and moral values?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberals | |  | b. | Conservatives | |  | c. | Traditionalists | |  | d. | Anarchists | |  | e. | Libertarians |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 56. When people have a fairly consistent view over a range of policy choices, they are said to have which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | An alliance | |  | b. | A faction | |  | c. | A political party | |  | d. | A political ideology | |  | e. | A democratic ideal |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 57. Which of the following groups would favor government efforts to increase equality, including higher taxes on the wealthy and more support for those in need?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Moderates | |  | b. | Populists | |  | c. | Libertarians | |  | d. | Conservatives | |  | e. | Liberals |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 58. Which of the following groups believes that lower taxes will prompt greater economic growth that will ultimately benefit everyone, including the poor?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberals | |  | b. | Conservatives | |  | c. | Democrats | |  | d. | Anarchists | |  | e. | Moderates |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 59. Which of the following groups believes that the government should not interfere in economic or social matters?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Conservatives | |  | b. | Moderates | |  | c. | Libertarians | |  | d. | Populists | |  | e. | Liberals |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 60. An American who supports the creation of election districts that are likely to vote for minority candidates for public office and wants more restrictions on business is likely to be of what political ideology?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Libertarianism | |  | b. | Conservatism | |  | c. | Liberalism | |  | d. | Majoritarianism | |  | e. | Socialism |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 61. Which of the following pairs of terms best completes the statement?  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ theorists have a narrower view of social and economic rights that should be guaranteed by a democratic government than do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ theorists.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberal, conservative | |  | b. | Conservative, liberal | |  | c. | Majoritarian, pluralist | |  | d. | Progressive, pluralist | |  | e. | Socialist, conservative |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 62. "The government should act to create jobs during an economic crisis." Which of the following ideologies is most compatible with this quote?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberal | |  | b. | Anarchist | |  | c. | Conservative | |  | d. | Libertarian | |  | e. | Extreme conservative |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 63. Which of the following is a policy that liberals would endorse?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A limited role for the national government in helping individuals | |  | b. | Government action to support traditional values | |  | c. | Patriotism | |  | d. | Redistribution of income | |  | e. | The belief that the individual is responsible for his or her own well-being |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 64. A belief that government should have no role in providing health care and that people need to be responsible for their own health care fits which of the following ideologies?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberal | |  | b. | Conservative | |  | c. | Communist | |  | d. | Socialist | |  | e. | Neoliberal |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 65. Which of the following is a policy that conservatives would endorse?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Civil rights | |  | b. | Improving the welfare of individuals | |  | c. | A limited role for the government in helping individuals | |  | d. | Government regulation of the economy | |  | e. | Tolerance for political and social change |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 66. The statement "The government should create jobs during an economic crisis" is most incompatible with which of the following ideologies?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberal | |  | b. | Conservative | |  | c. | Anarchist | |  | d. | Libertarian | |  | e. | Neoconservative |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 67. Unlike liberals or conservatives, socialists advocate which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Personal liberties | |  | b. | Private property rights | |  | c. | Market capitalism | |  | d. | Private investment in governmental systems | |  | e. | Replacing investor ownership of businesses with government ownership |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 68. Which of the following would be true of libertarians?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | They would advocate for the redistribution of income. | |  | b. | They would advocate for government regulation of the economy. | |  | c. | They would advocate for a government-funded health-care system. | |  | d. | They would strongly oppose most government activities. | |  | e. | They would want government action to support traditional values. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 69. Which of the following leads to disagreement among congressional Republicans and Democrats on legislation?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Poll watching | |  | b. | Political polarization | |  | c. | The separation of powers | |  | d. | Differing opinions about congressional powers | |  | e. | The growing power of the presidency |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 70. Those that want to continue traditional practices, making as few changes as possible, would be considered which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberals | |  | b. | Conservatives | |  | c. | Socialists | |  | d. | Communists | |  | e. | Libertarians |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | b | |

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| 71. Those who oppose government attempts to regulate personal behavior and promote moral values could be categorized as which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Liberals | |  | b. | Conservatives | |  | c. | Socialists | |  | d. | Communists | |  | e. | Libertarians |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 72. When both parties can't agree on legislation and refuse to negotiate, it is known as which of the following conditions?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Gridlock | |  | b. | Progressivism | |  | c. | Counterbalance | |  | d. | Nonparticipation | |  | e. | Cloture |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 73. Which of the following is true in reference to the population of many economically advanced nations?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Their populations will be smaller in 2050 than they are today. | |  | b. | Their populations will be about the same in 2050 as they are today. | |  | c. | Their populations will be slightly larger in 2050 than they are today. | |  | d. | Their populations will be many times larger in 2050 than they are today. | |  | e. | They will be more ethnically homogenous in 2050 than they are today. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 74. The fertility rate of 2.1, with which populations are expected to eventually stabilize, is known as which of the following?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | The plateau rate | |  | b. | The reproductive stabilization rate | |  | c. | The short-term replacement rate | |  | d. | The long-term replacement rate | |  | e. | The steady reproduction rate |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 75. The population of the United States is expected to do which of the following over the next 30 years?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Shrink as immigration slows | |  | b. | Shrink, due to a low fertility rate | |  | c. | Continue to grow, due to immigration | |  | d. | Continue to grow, due to a high fertility rate | |  | e. | Shrink, as immigration slows and the fertility rate declines |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 76. The term *Hispanic* is used by the U.S. federal government to describe anyone with which of the following characteristics?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Anyone who can claim heritage from a Spanish-speaking country | |  | b. | Anyone from a country in Central or South America | |  | c. | Anyone from parts of the United States that used to belong to Mexico | |  | d. | Anyone from the American Southwest | |  | e. | Anyone from Puerto Rico |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | a | |

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| 77. Which of the following is a reason that the U.S. Latino population is growing more quickly than other ethnic populations?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | A higher fertility rate and lower infant mortality | |  | b. | A longer life expectancy and a higher fertility rate | |  | c. | Immigration and a lower death rate | |  | d. | Immigration and a higher fertility rate | |  | e. | Immigration and a longer life expectancy |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 78. Which of the following age groups is growing fastest in the United States?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | 18–29 | |  | b. | 30–41 | |  | c. | 42–53 | |  | d. | 54–65 | |  | e. | Over 65 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 79. Which of the following nations continues to have high population growth rates?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Japan | |  | b. | United States | |  | c. | Northern Europe | |  | d. | Russia | |  | e. | Many African and Muslim nations |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | e | |

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| 80. In what part of the United States does a majority of African Americans live?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Northeast | |  | b. | Northwest | |  | c. | South | |  | d. | Midwest | |  | e. | New England |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 81. Which of the following is the largest Latino/Hispanic group in the United States today?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | Puerto Ricans | |  | b. | Cuban Americans | |  | c. | Mexican Americans | |  | d. | Salvadoran Americans | |  | e. | Honduran Americans |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | c | |

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| 82. The Latino/Hispanic population in the United States is heavily concentrated in areas that became U.S. territory after which war?   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  | a. | War of 1812 | |  | b. | Revolutionary War | |  | c. | Civil War | |  | d. | Mexican-American War | |  | e. | Spanish-American War |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | d | |

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| 83. Explain the role that interest groups play in the pluralist democratic model.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 84. Compare and contrast direct democracy with representative democracy, and explain why direct democracy is seldom used in governmental elections in the twenty-first century in the United States.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 85. Explain the concepts of equality of opportunity and equality of outcome. How do they differ?   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 86. Do you believe that pluralism or elite theory is the more accurate description of American politics? Why?   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 87. To what extent are economic inequality and democratic forms of government compatible?  Make an argument in which you answer this question, keeping in mind other key issues, such as order and liberty.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 88. Why does the mandate of equal treatment for all groups of Americans sometimes come into conflict with the concept of liberty?   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 89. Though *democratic republic* is the term most commonly applied to the U.S. form of government, apply what you know about one nondemocratic form of government (totalitarianism, authoritarianism, oligarchy, aristocracy), and describe what politics would be like in the United States under that form of government.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 90. We often laud democracy as a form of government, but what are its weaknesses?  Describe what you see as the weaknesses of democratic forms of government, and argue whether these weaknesses indicate a need to change our form of government.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 91. Explain the difference between the ideologies of liberals and libertarians.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 92. Explain how a liberal, a libertarian, and a conservative would respond to a government program used to promote traditional moral values.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |

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| 93. With the demographic changes in the elderly population, the total fertility rate, and the African American and Latino populations of the United States, what do you think America will look like in 2050? What changes will that mean for our American government?   |  |  | | --- | --- | | *ANSWER:* | Students' answers may vary. | |