Online Instructor's Manual

to accompany

US CODUCTOR IS PROTECTED IN STATISTICS IN STATISTICS OF ST **Applied Fluid Mechanics**

Seventh Edition

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Table of Contents

1. The Nature of Fluids and the Study of Fluid Mechanics		
2. Viscosity of Fluids	14	
3. Pressure Measurement	20	
4. Forces Due to Static Fluids	28	
5. Buoyancy and Stability	49	
6. Flow of Fluids and Bernoulli's Equation	68	
7. General Energy Equation	98	
8. Reynolds Number, Laminar Flow, Turbulent Flow, and Energy Losses Due to Friction	113	
9. Velocity Profiles for Circular Sections and Flow in Noncircular Sections	135	
10. Minor Losses	151	
11. Series Pipe Line Systems	166	
12. Parallel and Branching Pipeline Systems	218	
13. Pump Selection and Application		
14. Open-Channel Flow	251	
15. Flow Measurement	268	
16. Forces due to Fluid in Motion	273	
17. Drag & Lift	284	
18. Fans, Blowers, Compressors, & the Flow of Gases	293	
19. Flow of Air in Ducts	302	

CHAPTER ONE

THE NATURE OF FLUIDS AND THE STUDY OF FLUID MECHANICS

Conversion factors

- 1.1 $1250 \text{ mm}(1 \text{ m}/10^3 \text{ mm}) = 1.25 \text{ m}$
- 1.2 $1600 \text{ mm}^2 [1 \text{ m}^2 / (10^3 \text{ mm})^2] = 1.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$
- 1.3 $3.65 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^3 [1 \text{ m}^3 / (10^3 \text{ mm})^3] = 3.65 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$
- 1.4 $2.05 \text{ m}^2[(10^3 \text{ mm})^2/\text{m}^2] = 2.05 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^2$
- 1.5 $0.391 \text{ m}^3[(10^3 \text{ mm})^3/\text{m}^3] = 391 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^3$

1.7
$$\frac{80 \text{ km}}{\text{h}} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ m}}{\text{km}} \times \frac{1 \text{ h}}{3600 \text{ s}} = 22.2 \text{ m/s}$$

- 1.8 25.3 ft(0.3048 m/ft) = **7.71 m**
- 1.9 1.86 mi(1.609 km/mi)(10^3 m/km) = **2993 m**
- 1.10 8.65 in(25.4 mm/in) = **220 mm**
- 1.11 2580 ft(0.3048 m/ft) = **786 m**
- 1.12 480 ft³(0.0283 m³/ft³) = **13.6 m³**
- 1.13 7390 cm³[1 m³/(100 cm)³] = 7.39×10^{-3} m³
- 1.14 6.35 L(1 m³/1000 L) = 6.35×10^{-3} m³
- 1.15 6.0 ft/s(0.3048 m/ft) = **1.83 m/s**

1.16
$$\frac{2500 \text{ ft}^3}{\text{min}} \times \frac{0.0283 \text{ m}^3}{\text{ft}^3} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} = 1.18 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

Consistent units in an equation

1.17
$$v = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{0.50 \text{ km}}{10.6 \text{ s}} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ m}}{\text{ km}} = 47.2 \text{ m/s}$$

The Nature of Fluids

1.18
$$v = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{1.50 \text{ km}}{5.2 \text{ s}} \times \frac{3600 \text{ s}}{\text{h}} = 1038 \text{ km/h}$$

1.19
$$v = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{14 \text{ s}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mi}}{5280 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{3600 \text{ s}}{\text{h}} = 48.7 \text{ mi/h}$$

1.20
$$v = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{1.0 \text{ mi}}{5.7 \text{ s}} \times \frac{3600 \text{ s}}{\text{h}} = 632 \text{ mi/h}$$

1.21
$$a = \frac{2s}{t^2} = \frac{(2)(3.2 \text{ km})}{(4.7 \text{ min})^2} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ m}}{\text{ km}} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}^2}{(60 \text{ s})^2} = 8.05 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}^2$$

1.22
$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2s}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{(2)(13 \text{ m})}{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2}} = 1.63 \text{ s}$$

1.23
$$a = \frac{2s}{t^2} = \frac{(2)(3.2 \text{ km})}{(4.7 \text{ min})^2} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ m}}{\text{ km}} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{0.3048 \text{ m}} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}^2}{(60 \text{ s})^2} = 0.264 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2}$$

1.24
$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2s}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{(2)(53 \text{ in})}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2}} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} = 0.524 \text{ s}$$

1.25
$$KE = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{(15 \text{ kg})(1.2 \text{ m/s})^2}{2} = 10.8 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} = 10.8 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

1.26
$$KE = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{(3600 \text{ kg})}{2} \times \left(\frac{16 \text{ km}}{\text{h}}\right)^2 \times \frac{(10^3 \text{ m})^2}{\text{km}^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ h}^2}{(3600 \text{ s})^2} = 35.6 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

 $KE = 35.6 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$

1.27
$$KE = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{75 \text{ kg}}{2} \times \left(\frac{6.85 \text{ m}}{\text{s}}\right)^2 = 1.76 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} = 1.76 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

1.28
$$m = \frac{2(KE)}{v^2} = \frac{(2)(38.6 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m})}{1} \times \left(\frac{\text{h}}{31.5 \text{ km}}\right)^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2 \cdot \text{N}} \times \frac{(3600 \text{ s})^2}{\text{h}^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ km}^2}{(10^3 \text{ m})^2}$$
$$m = \frac{(2)(38.6)(3600)^2}{(31.5)^2(10^3)^2} \text{ kg} = 1.008 \text{ kg}$$

1.29
$$m = \frac{2(KE)}{v^2} = \frac{(2)(94.6 \text{ m N} \cdot \text{m})}{(2.25 \text{ m/s})^2} \times \frac{10^{-3} \text{ N}}{\text{mN}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2 \cdot \text{N}} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ g}}{\text{kg}} = 37.4 \text{ g}$$

1.30
$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2(KE)}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(15 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m})}{12 \text{ kg}}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2}{\text{N}} = 1.58 \text{ m/s}$$

1.31
$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2(KE)}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(212 \text{ m N} \cdot \text{m})}{175 \text{ g}}} \times \frac{10^{-3} \text{ N}}{\text{mN}} \times \frac{10^{3} \text{ g}}{\text{kg}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^{2} \cdot \text{N}} = 1.56 \text{ m/s}$$

1.32
$$KE = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{(1 \operatorname{slug})(4 \operatorname{ft/s})^2}{2} \times \frac{1 \operatorname{lb} \cdot \mathrm{s}^2/\mathrm{ft}}{\mathrm{slug}} = 8.00 \operatorname{lb} \cdot \mathrm{ft}$$

1.33
$$KE = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{wv^2}{2g} = \frac{(8000 \text{ lb})(10 \text{ mi})^2}{(2)(32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2)(\text{h})^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ h}^2}{(3600 \text{ s})^2} \times \frac{(5280 \text{ ft})^2}{\text{mi}^2}$$
$$KE = \frac{(8000)(10)^2(5280)^2}{(2)(32.2)(3600)^2} \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft} = 26700 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft}$$

1.34
$$KE = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{wv^2}{2g} = \frac{(150 \text{ lb})(20 \text{ ft/s})^2}{(2)(32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2)} = 932 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft}$$

1.35
$$m = \frac{2(KE)}{v^2} = \frac{2(15 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft})}{(2.2 \text{ ft/s}^2)^2} = 6.20 \frac{\text{lb} \cdot \text{s}^2}{\text{ft}} = 6.20 \text{ slugs}$$

1.36
$$w = \frac{2g(KE)}{v^2} = \frac{2(32.2 \text{ ft})(38.6 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft})(\text{h}^2)}{\text{s}^2(19.5 \text{ mi})^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ mi}^2}{(5280 \text{ ft})^2} \times \frac{(3600 \text{ s})^2}{\text{h}^2}$$
$$w = \frac{(2)(32.2)(38.6)(3600)^2}{(19.5)^2(5280)^2} \text{ lb} = 3.04 \text{ lb}$$

1.37
$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2g(KE)}{w}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2)(10 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{ft})}{30 \text{ lb}}} = 4.63 \text{ ft/s}$$

1.38
$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2g(KE)}{w}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2)(30 \text{ oz} \cdot \text{in})}{6.0 \text{ oz}}} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} = 5.18 \text{ ft/s}$$

1.39 ERA =
$$\frac{39 \text{ runs}}{141 \text{ innings}} \times \frac{9 \text{ innings}}{\text{game}} = 2.49 \text{ runs/game}$$

1.40
$$\frac{3.12 \text{ runs}}{\text{game}} \times \frac{1 \text{ game}}{9 \text{ innings}} \times 150 \text{ innings} = 52 \text{ runs}$$

1.41
$$40 \text{ runs} \times \frac{1 \text{ game}}{2.79 \text{ runs}} \times \frac{9 \text{ innings}}{\text{game}} = 129 \text{ innings}$$

1.42 ERA =
$$\frac{49 \text{ runs}}{123 \text{ innings}} \times \frac{9 \text{ innings}}{\text{game}}$$
 = **3.59 runs/game**

The definition of pressure

1.43
$$p = F/A = 2500 \text{ lb}/[\pi(3.00 \text{ in})^2/4] = 354 \text{ lb/in}^2 = 354 \text{ psi}$$

1.44
$$p = F/A = 8700 \text{ lb}/[\pi(1.50 \text{ in})^2/4] = 4923 \text{ psi}$$

1.45
$$p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{12.0 \text{ kN}}{\pi (75 \text{ mm})^2 / 4} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ N}}{\text{kN}} \times \frac{(10^3 \text{ mm})^2}{\text{m}^2} = 2.72 \times 10^6 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} = 2.72 \text{ MPa}$$

1.46
$$p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{38.8 \times 10^3 \text{ N}}{\pi (40 \text{ mm})^2 / 4} \times \frac{(10^3 \text{ mm})^2}{\text{m}^2} = 30.9 \times 10^6 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} = 30.9 \text{ MPa}$$

1.47
$$p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{6000 \text{ lb}}{\pi (8.0 \text{ in})^2 / 4} = 119 \text{ psi}$$

1.48
$$p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{18000 \text{ lb}}{\pi (2.50 \text{ in})^2 / 4} = 3667 \text{ psi}$$

1.49
$$F = pA = \frac{20.5 \times 10^6 \text{ N}}{\text{m}^2} \times \frac{\pi (50 \text{ mm})^2}{4} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^2}{(10^3 \text{ mm})^2} = 40.25 \text{ kN}$$

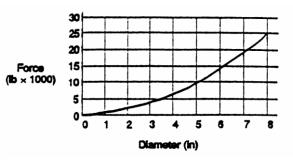
1.50
$$F = pA = (6000 \text{ lb/in}^2) (\pi [2.00 \text{ in }]^2/4) = 18850 \text{ lb}$$

1.51
$$p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{F}{\pi D^2 / 4} = \frac{4F}{\pi D^2}$$
: Then $D = \sqrt{\frac{4F}{\pi p}}$
 $D = \sqrt{\frac{4(20000 \text{ lb})}{\pi (5000 \text{ lb/in}^2)}} = 2.26 \text{ in}$

1.52
$$D = \sqrt{\frac{4F}{\pi p}} = \sqrt{\frac{4(30 \times 10^3 \text{ N})}{\pi (15.0 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2)}} = 50.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} = 50.5 \text{ mm}$$

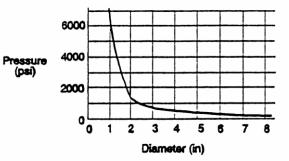
1.53
$$F = pA = \frac{p[\pi D^2]}{4} = \frac{500 \operatorname{lb}(\pi)(D \operatorname{in})^2}{\operatorname{in}^2 4} = 392.7 D^2 \operatorname{lb}$$

D(in)	$D^2(in^2)$	F(lb)
1.00	1.00	393
2.00	4.00	1571
3.00	9.00	3534
4.00	16.00	6283
5.00	25.00	9817
6.00	36.00	14137
7.00	49.00	19242
8.00	64.00	25133



1.54
$$p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{F}{\pi D^2/4} = \frac{4F}{\pi D^2} = \frac{4(5000 \text{ lb})}{\pi (D \text{ in})^2} = \frac{6366}{D^2} \text{ psi}$$

D(in)	$D^2(in^2)$	p(psi)
1.00	1.00	6366
2.00	4.00	1592
3.00	9.00	707
4.00	16.00	398
5.00	25.00	255
6.00	36.00	177
7.00	49.00	130
8.00	64.00	99



- 1.55 (Variable Answers) Example: w = 160 lb (4.448 N/lb) = 712 N $p = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{712 \text{ N}}{\pi (20 \text{ mm})^2 / 4} \times \frac{(10^3 \text{ mm})^2}{\text{m}^2} = 2.77 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa} = 2.27 \text{ MPa}$ $p = 2.27 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa} (1 \text{ psi/6895 Pa}) = 329 \text{ psi}$
- 1.56 (Variable Answers) using p = 2.27 MPa $F = pA = (2.27 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2)(\pi (0.250 \text{ m})^2/4) = 111 \times 10^3 \text{ N} = 111 \text{ kN}$ F = 111 kN (1 lb/4.448 N) = 25050 lb

Bulk modulus

1.57
$$\Delta p = -E(\Delta V/V) = -130000 \text{ psi}(-0.01) = 1300 \text{ psi}$$

 $\Delta p = -896 \text{ MPa}(-0.01) = 8.96 \text{ MPa}$

1.58
$$\Delta p = -E(\Delta V/V) = -3.59 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}(-0.01) = 35900 \text{ psi}$$

 $\Delta p = -24750 \text{ MPa}(-0.01) = 247.5 \text{ MPa}$

1.59
$$\Delta p = -E(\Delta V/V) = -189000 \text{ psi}(-0.01) = 1890 \text{ psi}$$

 $\Delta p = -1303 \text{ MPa}(-0.01) = 13.03 \text{ MPa}$

1.60 $\Delta V/V = -0.01; \Delta V = 0.01V = 0.01 \text{ AL}$ Assume area of cylinder does not change. $\Delta V = A(\Delta L) = 0.01 \text{ AL}$ Then $\Delta L = 0.01 \text{ L} = 0.01(12.00 \text{ in}) = 0.120 \text{ in}$

1.61
$$\frac{\Delta V}{V} = \frac{-p}{E} = \frac{-3000 \text{ psi}}{189000 \text{ psi}} = -0.0159 = -1.59\%$$

1.62
$$\frac{\Delta V}{V} = \frac{-20.0 \text{ MPa}}{1303 \text{ MPa}} = -0.0153 = -1.53\%$$

1.63 Stiffness = Force/Change in Length =
$$F/\Delta L$$

Bulk Modulus = $E = \frac{-p}{\Delta V/V} = \frac{-pV}{\Delta V}$
But $p = F/A$; $V = AL$; $\Delta V = -A(\Delta L)$
 $E = \frac{-F}{A} \times \frac{AL}{-A(\Delta L)} = \frac{FL}{A(\Delta L)}$
 $\frac{F}{(\Delta L)} = \frac{EA}{L} = \frac{189000 \text{ lb } \pi (0.5 \text{ in})^2}{\text{in}^2 (42 \text{ in})4} = 884 \text{ lb/in}$

1.64
$$\frac{F}{(\Delta L)} = \frac{EA}{L} = \frac{189000 \text{ lb } \pi (0.5 \text{ in})^2}{\text{in}^2 (10.0 \text{ in})(4)} = 3711 \text{ lb/in}$$
 4.2 times higher

1.65
$$\frac{F}{(\Delta L)} = \frac{EA}{L} = \frac{189000 \text{ lb } \pi (2.00 \text{ in})^2}{\text{in}^2 (42.0 \text{ in})(4)} = 14137 \text{ lb/in}$$
 16 times higher

1.66 Use large diameter cylinders and short strokes.

Force and mass

1.67
$$m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{610 \text{ N}}{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2}{\text{N}} = 62.2 \text{ kg}$$

1.68
$$m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{1.35 \times 10^3 \text{ N}}{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2}{\text{N}} = 138 \text{ kg}$$

1.69
$$w = mg = 825 \text{ kg} \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 = 8093 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2 = 8093 \text{ N}$$

1.70
$$w = mg = 450 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{10^3 \text{ g}} \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 = 4.41 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2 = 4.41 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2$$

1.71
$$m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{7.8 \, \text{lb}}{32.2 \, \text{ft/s}^2} = 0.242 \frac{\text{lb} \cdot \text{s}^2}{\text{ft}} = 0.242 \, \text{slugs}$$

1.72
$$m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{42.0 \text{ lb}}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} = 1.304 \text{ slugs}$$

1.73
$$w = mg = 1.58 \text{ slugs} \times 32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{s}^2/\text{ft}}{\text{slug}} = 50.9 \text{ lb}$$

1.74
$$w = mg = 0.258 \text{ slugs} \times 32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{s}^2/\text{ft}}{\text{slug}} = 8.31 \text{ lb}$$

1.75
$$m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{160 \text{ lb}}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} = 4.97 \text{ slugs}$$

 $w = 160 \text{ lb} \times 4.448 \text{ N/lb} = 712 \text{ N}$
 $m = 4.97 \text{ slugs} \times 14.59 \text{ kg/slug} = 72.5 \text{ kg}$

1.76
$$m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{1.00 \text{ lb}}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} = 0.0311 \text{ slugs}$$

 $m = 0.0311 \text{ slugs} \times 14.59 \text{ kg/slug} = 0.453 \text{ kg}$
 $w = 1.00 \text{ lb} \times 4.448 \text{ N/lb} = 4.448 \text{ N}$

- 1.77 $F = w = mg = 1000 \text{ kg} \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 = 9810 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2 = 9810 \text{ N}$
- 1.78 $F = 9810 \text{ N} \times 1.0 \text{ lb}/4.448 \text{ N} = 2205 \text{ lb}$
- 1.79 (Variable Answers) See problem 1.75 for method.

Density, specific weight, and specific gravity

1.80
$$\gamma_{\rm B} = ({\rm sg})_{\rm B} \gamma_{\rm w} = (0.876)(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3) = 8.59 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

 $\rho_{\rm B} = ({\rm sg})_{\rm B} \rho_{\rm w} = (0.876)(1000 \text{ kg/m}^3) = 876 \text{ kg/m}^3$

1.81
$$\rho = \frac{\gamma}{g} = \frac{12.02 \text{ N}}{\text{m}^3} \times \frac{\text{s}^2}{9.81 \text{ m}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2}{\text{N}} = 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

1.82
$$\gamma = \rho g = 1.964 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ N}}{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2} = 19.27 \text{ N/m}^3$$

1.83
$$\operatorname{sg} = \frac{\gamma_{o}}{\gamma_{w} @ 4^{\circ} C} = \frac{8.860 \text{ k N/m}^{3}}{9.81 \text{ k N/m}^{3}} = 0.903 \text{ at } 5^{\circ} C$$

 $\operatorname{sg} = \frac{\gamma_{o}}{\gamma_{w} @ 4^{\circ} C} = \frac{8.483 \text{ kN/m}^{3}}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^{3}} = 0.865 \text{ at } 50^{\circ} C$

1.84
$$\gamma = \frac{w}{V}; V = \frac{w}{\gamma} = \frac{2.25 \text{ kN}}{130.4 \text{ kN/m}^3} = 0.0173 \text{ m}^3$$

1.85
$$V = AL = \pi D^2 L/4 = \pi (0.150 \text{ m})^2 (0.100 \text{ m})/4 = 1.767 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

 $\rho_o = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{1.56 \text{ kg}}{1.767 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3} = 883 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 $\gamma_o = \rho_o g = 883 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \times \frac{1 \text{ N}}{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2} = 8.66 \times \frac{10^3 \text{ N}}{\text{m}^3} = 8.66 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$
 $\text{sg} = \rho_o / \rho_w @ 4^\circ \text{C} = 883 \text{ kg/m}^3 / 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 = 0.883$

1.86
$$\gamma = (sg)(y_w @ 4^\circ C) = 1.258(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3) = 12.34 \text{ kN/m}^3 = w/V$$

 $w = \gamma V = (12.34 \text{ kN/m}^3)(0.50 \text{ m}^3) = 6.17 \text{ kN}$
 $m = \frac{w}{g} = \frac{6.17 \text{ kN}}{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ N}}{\text{ kN}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2}{\text{ N}} = 629 \text{ kg}$

1.87
$$w = \gamma V = (sg)(\gamma_w)(V) = (0.68)(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3)(0.095 \text{ m}^3) = 0.634 \text{ kN} = 634 \text{ N}$$

1.88
$$\gamma = \rho g = (1200 \text{ kg/m}^3)(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2) \left(\frac{1 \text{ N}}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2}\right) = 11.77 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

 $\text{sg} = \frac{\rho}{\rho_w @ 4^\circ \text{C}} = \frac{1200 \text{ kg/m}^3}{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3} = 1.20$

1.89
$$V = \frac{w}{\gamma} = \frac{22.0 \text{ N}}{(0.826)(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3)} \times \frac{1 \text{ kN}}{10^3 \text{ N}} = 2.72 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

1.90
$$\gamma = \rho g = \frac{1080 \text{ kg}}{\text{m}^3} \times \frac{9.81 \text{ m}}{\text{s}^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ N}}{1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ kN}}{10^3 \text{ N}} = 10.59 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

 $\text{sg} = \rho / \rho_w = \frac{1080 \text{ kg/m}^3}{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3} = 1.08$

1.91
$$\rho = (sg)(\rho_w) = (0.789)(1000 \text{ kg/m}^3) = 789 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

 $\gamma = (sg)(\gamma_w) = (0.789)(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3) = 7.74 \text{ kN/m}^3$

1.92
$$w_o = 35.4 \text{ N} - 2.25 \text{ N} = 33.15 \text{ N}$$

 $V_o = Ad = (\pi D^2/4)(d) = \pi (.150 \text{ m})^2 (.20 \text{ m})/4 = 3.53 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$
 $\gamma_o = \frac{w}{V} = \frac{33.15 \text{ N}}{3.53 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3} = 9.38 \times 10^3 \text{ N/m}^3 = 9.38 \text{ kN/m}^3$
 $\text{sg} = \frac{\gamma_o}{\gamma_w} = \frac{9.38 \text{ kN/m}^3}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3} = 0.956$

1.93
$$V = Ad = (\pi D^2/4)(d) = \pi (10 \text{ m})^2 (6.75 \text{ m})/4 = 530.1 \text{ m}^3$$

 $w = \gamma V = (0.68)(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3)(530.1 \text{ m}^3) = 3.536 \times 10^3 \text{ kN} = 3.536 \text{ MN}$
 $m = \rho V = (0.68)(1000 \text{ kg/m}^3)(530.1 \text{ m}^3) = 360.5 \times 10^3 \text{ kg} = 360.5 \text{ Mg}$

1.94
$$w_{castor \ oil} = \gamma_{co} \cdot V_{co} = (9.42 \text{ kN/m}^3)(0.02 \text{ m}^3) = 0.1884 \text{ kN}$$

 $V_m = \frac{w}{\gamma_m} = \frac{0.1884 \text{ kN}}{(13.54)(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3)} = 1.42 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$

1.95
$$w = \gamma V = (2.32)(9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3)(1.42 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3) = 3.23 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kN} = 3.23 \text{ N}$$

1.96
$$\gamma = (sg)(\gamma_w) = 0.876(62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3) = 54.7 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

 $\rho = (sg)(\rho_w) = 0.876(1.94 \text{ slugs/ft}^3) = 1.70 \text{ slugs/ft}^3$

1.97
$$\rho = \frac{\gamma}{g} = \frac{0.0765 \text{ lb/ft}^3}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} \times \frac{1 \text{ slug}}{1 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{s}^2/\text{ft}} = 2.38 \times 10^{-3} \text{ slugs/ft}^3$$

1.98
$$\gamma = \rho g = 0.00381 \text{ slug / ft}^3 (32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2) \frac{1 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{s}^2/\text{ft}}{\text{slug}} = 0.1227 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

1.99
$$\operatorname{sg} = \gamma_{o}/(\gamma_{w} @ 4^{\circ}C) = 56.4 \text{ lb/ft}^{3}/62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^{3} = 0.904 \text{ at } 40^{\circ}F$$

 $\operatorname{sg} = \gamma_{o}/(\gamma_{w} @ 4^{\circ}C) = 54.0 \text{ lb/ft}^{3}/62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^{3} = 0.865 \text{ at } 120^{\circ}F$

1.100
$$V = w/y = 500 \text{ lb}/834 \text{ lb/ft}^3 = 0.600 \text{ ft}^3$$

1.101
$$\gamma = \frac{w}{V} = \frac{7.50 \text{ lb}}{1 \text{ gal}} \times \frac{7.48 \text{ gal}}{\text{ft}^3} = 56.1 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

 $\rho = \frac{\gamma}{g} = \frac{56.1 \text{ lb/ft}^3}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} = 1.74 \frac{\text{lb} \cdot \text{s}^2}{\text{ft}^4} = 1.74 \text{ slugs/ft}^3$
 $\text{sg} = \frac{\gamma_o}{\gamma_w} @4^\circ\text{C} = \frac{5.61 \text{ lb/ft}^3}{62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3} = 0.899$

1.102
$$w = \gamma V = (1.258) \frac{(62.4 \text{ lb})}{\text{ft}^3} (50 \text{ gal}) \frac{(1 \text{ ft}^3)}{7.48 \text{ gal}} = 525 \text{ lb}$$

1.103
$$w = \gamma V = \rho g V = \frac{1.32 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{s}^2}{\text{ft}^4} \times \frac{32.2 \text{ ft}}{\text{s}^2} \times 25.0 \text{ gal} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}^3}{7.48 \text{ gal}} = 142 \text{ lb}$$

The Nature of Fluids

1.104
$$\operatorname{sg} = \frac{\rho}{\rho_w} = \frac{1.20 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3} \times \frac{\text{m}^3}{1000 \text{ kg}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{10^3 \text{ g}} \times \frac{(10^2 \text{ cm})^3}{\text{m}^3} = 1.20$$

 $\rho = (\operatorname{sg})(\rho_w) = 1.20(1.94 \text{ slugs/ft}^3) = 2.33 \text{ slugs/ft}^3$
 $\gamma = (\operatorname{sg})(\gamma_w) = (1.20)(62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3) = 74.9 \text{ lb/ft}^3$
1.105 $V = \frac{w}{\gamma} = \frac{5.0 \text{ lb ft}^3}{(0.826)62.4 \text{ lb}} \times \frac{0.0283 \text{ m}^3}{\text{ft}^3} \times \frac{(10^2 \text{ cm})^3}{\text{m}^3} = 2745 \text{ cm}^3$

1.106
$$\gamma = (sg)(\gamma_w) = (1.08)(62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3) = 67.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

1.107
$$\rho = (0.79)(1.94 \text{ slugs/ft}^3) = 1.53 \text{ slugs/ft}^3; \rho = 0.79 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

1.108
$$\gamma_o = \frac{w}{V} = \frac{(7.95 - 0.50)\text{lb}}{(\pi (6.0 \text{ in})^2/4)(8.0 \text{ in})} \times \frac{1728 \text{ in}^3}{\text{ft}^3} = 56.9 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

sg = $\gamma_o/\gamma_w = 56.9 \text{ lb/ft}^3/62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3 = 0.912$

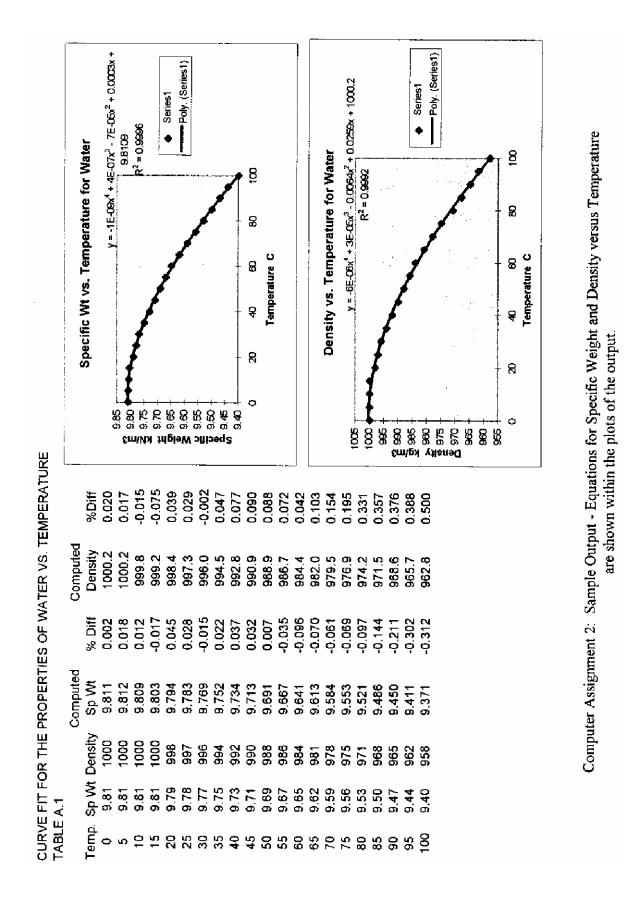
1.109
$$V = A \cdot d = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} \cdot d = \frac{\pi (30 \text{ ft})^2}{4} \times 22 \text{ ft} = 15550 \text{ ft}^3 \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3 = 1.16 \times 10^5 \text{ gal}$$

 $w = \gamma V = (0.68)(62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3)(15550 \text{ ft}^3) = 6.60 \times 10^5 \text{ lb}$

1.110
$$w_{co} = \gamma_{co} V = (59.69 \text{ lb/ft}^3)(5 \text{ gal})(1 \text{ ft}^3/7.48 \text{ gal}) = 39.90 \text{ lb}$$

 $V_m = \frac{w}{\gamma_m} = \frac{39.90 \text{ lb ft}^3}{13.54(62.4 \text{ lb})} \times \frac{7.48 \text{ gal}}{\text{ft}^3} = 0.353 \text{ gal}$

1.111
$$w = \gamma V = (2.32) \frac{(62.4 \text{ lb})}{\text{ft}^3} (8.64 \text{ in}^3) \frac{(1 \text{ ft}^3)}{1728 \text{ in}^3} = 0.724 \text{ lb}$$



1.112 Tank Size = 75 People
$$\times \frac{1.7 \text{ gal per person}}{1 \text{ day}} \times 3 \text{ days} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}^3}{7.48 \text{ gal}} = \frac{51.1 \text{ ft}^3}{7.48 \text{ gal}}$$

1.113 Required Volume = 85 Gallons
$$\times \frac{1 \text{ ft}^3}{7.48 \text{ gal}} \times \frac{12^3 \text{ in}^3}{1^3 \text{ ft}^3} = 19,636 \text{ in}^3$$

Tank Volume = 19,636 in³ =
$$\frac{\pi \times (D)^2 \times (h)}{4} = \frac{\pi \times (38 \text{ in})^2 \times (h)}{4}$$

Required Height = $\frac{19,636 \text{ in}^3 \times 4}{\pi \times (38 \text{ in})^2} = \underline{17.3 \text{ in}}$

1.114 Flow Rate =
$$\frac{80 \text{ N}}{5 \text{ s}} \times \frac{60 \text{ s}}{1 \text{ min}} = \frac{960 \text{ N}}{\text{min}}$$

1.115
$$V_{\text{REQ.}} = 1.5 \text{ m} \times 2.5 \text{ m} \times 25 \text{ cm} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} = 0.938 \text{ m}^3$$

Time Required =
$$\frac{1 \min}{60 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{0.001 \text{ m}^3} \times 0.938 \text{ m}^3 = \underline{15.6 \min}$$

1.116 Flow Rate =
$$\frac{\text{Volume}}{\text{Time}} = \frac{\left(\frac{\pi \times (24 \text{ in})^2}{4} \times 18 \text{ in} \times \frac{1.0 \text{ gal}}{231 \text{ in}^3}\right)}{\left(90 \text{ s} \times \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}}\right)} = \frac{23.5 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}}}{231 \text{ min}}$$

1.117
$$\$17,000 = 7500 \frac{\$}{\text{year}} \times \text{X years}$$

$$X = \frac{\$17,000}{7500 \frac{\$}{\text{year}}} = \frac{2.27 \text{ years}}{2.27 \text{ years}}$$

1.118 Annual Cost =
$$2 \text{ HP} \times \frac{0.746 \text{ kW}}{1 \text{ HP}} \times 1 \text{ year} \times \frac{365 \text{ days}}{1 \text{ year}} \times \frac{24 \text{ hr}}{1 \text{ day}} \times \frac{\$0.10}{\text{kW} - \text{HR}} = \frac{\$1,307}{\text{Year}}$$

1.119 Displacement =
$$\frac{\pi \times 7.5 \text{ cm}^2 \times 10.0 \text{ cm}}{4} \times \frac{0.001 \text{ L}}{1 \text{ cm}^3} = 0.442 \text{ L}$$

12

1.120 Flow Rate =
$$\frac{2.2 \text{ L}}{1 \text{ rev}} \times \frac{80 \text{ rev}}{1 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{1000 \text{ L}} \times \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} = 10.6 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{hr}}$$

1.121 Volume = $\frac{\pi \times 1 \text{ in}^2 \times 2.5 \text{ in}}{4} = 1.963 \frac{in^3}{rev}$
 $20 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} = \frac{1.963 \text{ in}^3}{1 \text{ rev}} \times \frac{1 \text{ gal}}{231 \text{ in}^3} \times \frac{X \text{ rev}}{\text{min}}$
 $X = \frac{20 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}}}{\frac{1.963 \text{ in}^3}{1 \text{ rev}} \frac{1 \text{ gal}}{231 \text{ in}^3}} = 2.354 \text{ RPM}$

The Nature of Fluids